

Surface Transportation Resiliency Planning in Hillsborough County, FL

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Hillsborough County, Florida



- 158 miles of coastline
- 4th Largest Population in Florida (1.3 Million)
- 25% of the population inside the FEMA floodplain
- Economic Hub of Tampa Bay Metropolitan Region
- Largest seaport in Florida
- Major cruise homeport
- Home to US Central Command & Special Operations Command Center
- Tampa General Hospital Regional Burn Center

Surface Transportation Assets

- 800 Freeways & Toll Road Lane Miles
- ③ 3,300 Arterial & Collector Lane Miles
- S Major Bridges Across Tampa Bay /Evacuation Routes
- Tampa International Airport

- Container, Bulk Cargo & Cruise Ship Terminals
- 9 Transit Centers & 243 Vehicle Fleet
- Heritage Streetcar System
- Class I Rail Lines & Intermodal Yard







TS Debbie 2012

Hurricane Hermine 2016





Project Inspiration



- Tampa dubbed "most vulnerable & overdue" city for a direct hurricane hit. –Weather Channel Meteorologist Survey
- No direct hit in over 90 Years
- Recent Flooding 2012 Tropical Storm Debby (20")
- Updating Long Range
 Transportation Plan to 2040





U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration

Vulnerability Assessment Framework

2010-2011 Pilots San Francisco Bay-MTC New Jersey DOT/TPA Virginia DOT Washington State DOT Oahu MPO

2013-2015 Pilots 19 Pilots around the country including: Hillsborough County MPO Broward County MPO

http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/climate_change/adaptation/adaptation_framework/

1. DEFINE SCOPE









Local Mitigation Strategy Working Group- Selection of Assets



Pre & Post Disaster Planning

Post-Disaster Redevelopment Plan » Required of coastal counties & municipalities » Addresses long-term redevelopment & recovery Local Mitigation Strategy (LMS) » Addresses all potential hazards » Assesses areas vulnerable to various hazards » Identifies actions to mitigate potential damage in the future

Assets Studied

- Memorial Highway (Segment)
- South 20th/22nd (Segment)
- Selmon Expressway (Ramps)
- Gandy Boulevard (Segment)
- Courtney Campbell Causeway (Segment)
- I-75 over Alafia River (Bridge)



Memorial Highway Project

- Cost Feasibility based on FDOT Strategic Intermodal System (SIS) 2040 Plan:
 - Part of SR 60/I-275 interchange reconstruction
 \$193 M cost (in YOE)
- Vulnerable area: 0.6 1.1 mi.
 based on Cat I-Cat 3 storm surge
- Replacement cost: \$100 M +
- Protection cost: \$ 4.2 M
- Potential to incorporate into SIS project

Inundation with Cat 3 Surge



Memorial Highway – 158,000 ADT

The Cost-Feasible 2040 Plan

"Status Quo" Funding Scenario

Preserve the System

- Roads repaved every 50 years on average
- Level 2 ¹/₂ Aging bridges replaced on time, buses every 16 years

Reduce Crashes & Vulnerability



- Continue today's programs: crashes drop 10%
 - Low-lying major roads usable 8 weeks after a Cat. 3 storm

Minimize Traffic for Drivers & Shippers



Level 1

Level 1

Level 1

Intersections work 10% better Continue today's truck "quick fix" program

Real Choices when Not Driving



Add 140 miles of trails & sidepaths by 2040 Frequent bus service for 16% of people & jobs, frequent service (every ½-hour) for 45%

somewhat





What can we get if we invest in **Reduced Vulnerability**

Based on illustrative Cat 3 storm occurring in next 20 years

Investment Level I – \$988 M (current spending trend x 20 years, in YOE \$)

- Routine drainage improvements
- Up to 8 weeks of road network disruption with sample Cat 3 storm
- Economic loss to Hillsborough County: \$266 M

Investment Level 2 - \$1,025 M (in YOE \$)

- Interstates only: drainage improvements, shoreline armoring & wave attenuation
- Up to 6 weeks of road network disruption with sample Cat 3 storm
- □ Economic loss to Hillsborough County: \$153 M or 42% less
- □ \$31 M investment results in \$113 M benefit

Investment Level 3 – \$1,159 M (in YOE \$)

- □ Interstates & arterials: drainage improvements, shoreline armoring & wave attenuation
- □ 3 weeks of road network disruption with sample Cat 3 storm
- □ Economic loss to Hillsborough County: \$119 M or 55% less
- □ \$112 M investment results in \$147 M benefit

Estimated avoided losses are based on making highway segments less vulnerable to storm & flood damage

Vulnerability Reduction Investment Assumed in 2040 Plan

Investment Level	Benefits and Costs	
	\$31 Million per year	
Scenario 1	Continue today's stormwater drainage improvement programs	
Level 1	Category 3 storm impacts: - 8 weeks major roads may be unusable - \$266 million economic loss	
	\$39 Million per year	
Scenario 8b	Continue today's stormwater drainage, plus: raise road profiles, enhance base, protect shorelines from wave damage	
	Category 3 storm impacts: - 3 weeks major roads may be unusable - \$119 million economic loss (cut in half!)	

Economic losses cut in half



wave attenuation device

Pilot Project Follow-Up Study (2016)



- Gandy Boulevard critical segment in 2014 Vulnerability Assessment
 - 1/3-mile segment connecting bridge to planned expressway
 - \$1.9M estimated for strategies



Inundation Profile – Gandy Blvd (segment)



Gandy Blvd – West End Segment



Gandy Blvd – East End Segment



Strategy Refinement for Implementation



- Refined strategies appropriate Selmon Elevated extension at Gandy Blvd.
- Developed conceptual designs & specific pre-engineering cost estimates
 - Within limit of \$1.9M budget
 - Assume strategy mainstreaming as part of a project
- Offer low-risk, high benefit solutions to incorporate into elevated expressway extension PD&E proposal.



Adaptation Strategies - Drainage

- Permeable Pavement
 - Applicable for low speed and low volume roads
- Enhanced Drainage
 - Gandy Blvd existing constraints
 - Areawide watershed study







Adaptation Strategies – Harden Road

- Harden surface or base layers
 Avoid potential washouts
- Full depth concrete
- New materials and concepts
 - Research underway





Adaptation Strategies – Raise Profile

- Gandy Blvd bridge has low elevation
 - Bridge has longer life than road
 - Eastbound/westbound different elevations
- Several options:
 - Raise Gandy Blvd to match lowest elevation
 - Consider raising one side only
 - Consider raising as companion (or after) bridge project





Adaptation Strategies – Erosion Control

- Wave Attenuation Device
 - Consider in longer term; Protection from Tampa Bay
- Living Shoreline
 - Consider in longer term; Environmental coordination
- Rivetments Riprap or Vegetation
 - Recommend vegetation (specialty grasses or shrubs)
- Pier / Column Protection
 - Recommend vegetation (specialty grasses or shrubs)
 - Hardened solutions (e.g., concrete, double-wall construction)











Adaptation Options



Treatment	Cost Differential	Level of Risk
Do nothing	None initially. Reconstruction cost is \$3,312,000	Highest Risk. Required if roadway is destroyed.
Upgrade to full-depth concrete pavement	\$676,000	Medium Risk. Road damage possible if inundation occurs.
Raise Profile	\$1,119,000	Low Risk. Inundation from storm surge, rain or tide related flooding.
Erosion control via vegetation	\$104,544	Low Risk. Embankment damage or washout if inundation occurs.
Pier protection via vegetation	\$30 per pier (total depends on design)	Low Risk. Pier scour or damage possible if surge occurs.







POLITICS

Hillsborough governments building sea-level rise into development

plans

BY CHRISTOPHER O'DONNELL Tribune staff Published: March 26, 2015

'Climate adaptation' on planners' radar

By Steve Contorno

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For the first time, the Hillsborough County Planning Commission might ask local governments to consider the effects of climate change when strategizing for future growth and devel-

The shift in approach would not be seismic. It's just one proposed line in the massive comprehensive land-use plans for Hillsborough, Tampa, Temple Terrace and Plant City that are up for review this year.

And it wouldn't reference "climate change," but rather the less politically charged phrase "climate adaptation." Here's what the Planing Commission's draft language for the section on coastal management in local comprehensive plans says: "Develop strategies to identify and address issues related to climate adaptation in cooperation with the (Environmental Protection Commission), the Planning Commission and other agencies." However vague and open-ended,

it still would be a notable step for the county, which faces rising sea levels. Scientists attribute that rise to increasing global temperatures from

greenhouse gases. By comparison, Pinellas County has included several

direct instructions for addressing climate change and its effects in the county's comprehensive plan since

The decision whether to acknowledge "climate adaptation" is part of the Planning Commission's periodic review of the comprehensive plans, which guide development countywide. The Planning Commission is an independent body created by the Legislature to oversee growth in Hillsborough with appointees representing all four local jurisdictions. Its recommendations are weighed but are not

The commission on Monday listened to a presentation from Charles Paxton of the National Weather Service on the potential affects of climate change on the region. While sea levels rise and fall constantly, the peaks are higher and levels are more frequently above where they were even 50 years

As a result, "systems engineered in the '70s may not accommodate events in the 2000s," Paxton told commis-

TBT 05-13-2015

Addressing Climate Issues Regionally

Tampa Bay Climate Science Advisory Panel (CSAP)

Unified Projection of Sea-Level Rise in Tampa Bay Region



Climate Adaptation Stakeholder Meeting



Local Comprehensive Plans



TA CM Policy 1.3.7: Develop strategies to identify and address issues related to climate adaptation in cooperation with the EPC, the Planning Commission, and other agencies.



TT LU Policy 1.4.3: The City shall develop strategies to identify and address issues related to climate adaptation in cooperation with the EPC, the Planning Commission and other agencies.



PC LU Policy 6.1.4: Develop strategies to identify and address issues related to climate adaptation in cooperation with EPC, the Planning Commission and other agencies.



- Continue work in 2045 LRTP update
- Coordinate with local jurisdictions on mainstreaming adaption options for projects.
- More work to be done...











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