Hillsborough County MPO Adaptation Pilot

LMS Meeting #4

presented to

Local Mitigation Strategy _ Working Group

presented by Cambridge Systematics, Inc.

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Project recap

- Climate change vulnerability assessment and adaptation pilot, focused on the transportation sector.
 - » Sponsored by the Federal Highway Administration (competitive grant)
- Led by Hillsborough County MPO/Planning Commission, with:
 - » Tampa Bay Regional Planning Commission
 - » University of South Florida
 - » Hillsborough County Public Works

Expected completion: Late summer 2014 (on schedule)

» Started in August 2013



Scope/Assessment Process

- Phase I: Collect data, identify potential extreme weather vulnerabilities
- Phase 2: Identify critical, vulnerable infrastructure (5-10 high-risk assets) for adaptation
- Phase 3: Develop adaptation (risk mitigation) strategies for a selection of high-risk assets
 - » Complementary activity: Long Range Transportation Plan update
- Phase 4: Document findings, recommendations, feedback to FHWA



LRTP Resliency Analysis



LRTP Needs Assessment = Investments That ...







Reduce Crashes & Vulnerability

Minimize Congestion for Drivers & Shippers

Expand Alternatives to Driving Support Growth of Econ. Activity Centers

How can performance measures help us target limited resources?

Step I: Develop Risk Scenario

Parameter

Value

Simpson-Saffir Hurricane Category

Trajectory

Sea Level Rise

Tidal Datum

3 (111-129 mph winds, up to 21 foot surge depths)

Tarpon Springs Hurricane (1921), observed track

High, 2040 (current Mean Sea Level + 14")

Mean Higher High Water (projected MSL + 16")



Step 2: Assess Potential Disruption Impacts

- » Baseline/Fully Recovered: Congested base case, prior to the surge event AND fully recovered network
- » Full Disruption (D0): Disruption/loss of capacity of all inundated links.
- » Phase I Recovery (DI): Return to service of Interstates/freeways
- » Phase 2 Recovery (D2): Return to service of Interstates and arterials



Step 2: Assess Potential Disruption Impacts

Estimated Mobility Losses (Daily)—Full Disruption

- Estimate changes in:
 - » Vehicle miles traveled
 - » Vehicle hours of delay
 - » Trips (focus on trip losses)



Step 2: Assess Potential Disruption Impacts

REMI Estimates

- REMI considers direct, indirect, and induced impacts of transportation disruption scenarios, using changes in VMT, delay, and trips.
- Impacts are measured in terms of WEEKLY:
 - » Work hours;
 - » Income;
 - » Gross Regional Product.

DRAFT results (one week's disruption)

GRP		Work Hours
Full	\$215,000,000	4,039,360
Interstates	\$16,000,000	361,920
Arterials \$4,000,000 89,44		89,440
All values are negative, All \$ are Millions of 2014 Dollars		

NEXT STEP: Estimate range of potential disruption for each scenario



Sample Menu of Risk Management Strategies

Storm Surge Vulnerability INVESTMENT LEVEL Medium Low High Exposure: Reduce exposure to storm surge Elevate RAISE PROFILE (low lying interstates) →Increase deployment Protect SEA WALLS/BULKHEADS (low lying →Increase deployment interstates) Shield + STORM GATE Sensitivity: Reduce the impacts of storm surge Maintain →Increase deployment DRAINAGE (culverts, grates, catch ▲ Same as MEDIUM basins) ROADWAY (base, shoulder, →Increase deployment ▲ Same as MEDIUM pavements) Strengthen ROADWAY BASE (upon BRIDGE APPROACHES/RAMPS SECURE BRIDGE DECKS (antireconstruction) (approach plates) buoyancy measures) SCOUR COUNTERMEASURES →Increase deployment RENO MATS →Increase deployment Attenuate FENCING (low lying interstates/major BARRIERS/WAVE ATTENUATORS →Increase deployment arterials) **RIP RAP** DUNES (selective deployment) →Increase deployment CONSTRUCTED WETLANDS SALT RESISTANT VEGETATION →Increase deployment (selective deployment) Adaptive Capacity: Increase the capacity of the network to recover functionality Recover PLAN (increase post disaster response DRAINAGE (upsize during →Increase deployment planning/response budgets) replacement cycle to STAGING (establish new →Increase deployment recovery/supply areas/lifelines) PERMIT (blanket debris permits) SUPPLIES/MATERIALS (stockpile) →Increase deployment Reroute ESTABLISH EMERGENCY DETOURS DYNAMIC REROUTING (ITS) →Increase deployment BUILD REDUNDANT CRITICA CONNECTORS



Step 3: Risk Mitigation Investment Scenarios

	Illustrative Mitigation Measures		
Strategy Type	Baseline	Tier I (Interstates)	Tier 2 (Interstates & Arterials
Limit Exposure	Maintain/manage as usual	Raise roadway profileElevate profile, enhance crown	
Mitigate Sensitivity		Shoreline protectionWave attenuating devicesEnhance roadway base	
Enhance Adaptive Capacity (recovery)		 Increase drainage capacity Upgrade to flanking inlets, increase conveyance capacity 	

NEXT STEP: Estimate disruption mitigation benefits of strategy packages



Sample Strategy

Wave Attenuating Devices (WADs)





Critical Assets for Pilot Assessment



Assets for Further Study

- Memorial Highway (Segment)
- South 20th/22nd (Segment)
- Selmon Expressway (Ramps)
- Gandy Boulevard (Segment)
- Courtney Campbell Causeway (Segment)
- I-75 over Alafia River (Bridge)



Memorial Highway



Asset Map



Asset Profile

Asset Type	Highway from I-275 Interchange to Courtney Campbell Causeway, some elevated and some at grade – 1.76 miles	Estimated Replacement Cost	Approx. \$164M*
Current Condition	Design to include multi-modal corridor between Pinellas and Hillsborough Counties	Estimated Recovery Time	TBD
Estimated Age (Lifespan)	1964, 2005, 2010		
Use / Ridership	158,000 AADT		





Inundation Profile





Inundation with Cat I Surge



Inundation with Cat 3 Surge



Inundation with FEMA 1% Chance Flood



Estimated Impacts of Disruption

Memorial Highway (Segment)

Trip Type	Attribute	Daily Change	DRAFT Estimate
Leisure Travel Data	Auto - VMT	68,409	weekly losses
	Auto - VHT	274,029	
Leisure Haver Data	Auto - Delay	266,660	Gross Regional
	Auto - Lost Trips	0	Product:
	Auto - VMT	51,313	
Commute Auto Travel Data	Auto - VHT	104,898	\$19.7 MM
Commute Auto Havel Dala	Auto - Delay	99,977	Income [.]
	Auto - Lost Trips	0	
	Auto - VMT	100,049	\$12.3 MP
Rusiness/On the clock	Auto - VHT	111,230	Work Hours:
business/On-the-clock	Auto - Delay	106,929	240.000
	Auto - Lost Trips	0	360,000
Truck	Truck - VMT	7,495	
	Truck - VHT	38,641	
	Truck - Delay/Idling	37,626	
	Truck - Lost Trips	0	

Potential Impacts and Mitigation Strategies

Scenario	Extent (miles)	Potential Impacts	Potential Mitigation Strategies
SLR	0.0	• n/a (unlikely)	• n/a
Cat 1	0.58	DisruptionWashouts, erosion [moderate]	 Drainage improvements Raise profile Force attenuation and soil stabilization (rip-rap, salt tolerant vegetation, WADs)
Cat 3	1.09	DisruptionWashouts, erosion [severe]	 Sea wall/barrier/WADs (particularly in VE zone), in addition to above
DFIRM (A /AE)	TBD	• TBD	• TBD
DFIRM (V /VE)	0.0	 n/a (unlikely) 	• n/a



S 20 Street



Asset Map



Asset Profile

Asset Type	From Maritime Blvd to Lee Roy Selmon Expressway Eastbound Ramp, all at grade - 1.29 miles	Estimated Replacement Cost	\$14.7M (with current profile)
Current Condition	Primary connector route Port Tampa Bay's Hookers Point. Designed to accommodate increased truck traffic to port	Estimated Recovery Time	TBD
Estimated Age (Lifespan)	2001		
Use / Ridership	33,500 AADT		



Inundation Profile





Inundation with Cat I Surge



Inundation with Cat 3 Surge



Inundation with FEMA 1% Chance Flood



Estimated Impacts of Disruption

South 20th Street

Trip Туре	Attribute	Daily Change	DRAFT Estimated
Leisure Travel Data	Auto - VMT	102,847	weekly losses
	Auto - VHT	23,575	,
	Auto - Delay	21,498	Gross Regional
	Auto - Lost Trips	800	Product:
	Auto - VMT	34,512	
Commute Auto Travel Data	Auto - VHT	10,467	\$4.6 MM
Commute Auto maver Data	Auto - Delay	9,864	Income [.]
	Auto - Lost Trips	1,133	
	Auto - VMT	46,264	\$2.9 MM
Rusinass/On the clock	Auto - VHT	9,425	Work Hours:
Business/On-the-clock	Auto - Delay	8,290	
	Auto - Lost Trips	718	85,000
Truck	Truck - VMT	17,880	
	Truck - VHT	3,473	
	Truck - Delay/Idling	3,066	
	Truck - Lost Trips	329	

Potential Impacts and Mitigation Strategies

Scenario	Extent (miles)	Potential Impacts	Potential Mitigation Strategies
SLR	0	• n/a (unlikely)	• n/a
Cat 1	1.2	DisruptionWashouts, erosion [moderate]	 Raise roadway profile Force attenuation and soil stabilization (rip-rap, salt tolerant vegetation, WADs) Drainage improvements
Cat 3	1.3	DisruptionWashouts, erosion [severe]	 In addition to above, floodwater channeling measures adjacent or under roadway Sea wall/barrier
DFIRM (A /AE)	1.2	DisruptionDeterioration [possible]	Raise roadway profileDrainage improvements
DFIRM (V /VE)	0.0	 n/a (unlikely) 	• n/a



Thanks!

