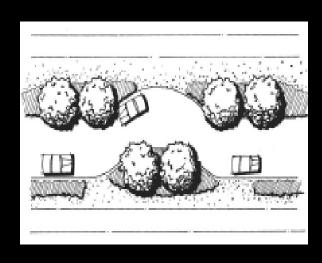
Implementing Livable Roadways Guidelines within Unincorporated Hillsborough County



March 8, 2011

Overview/Objectives

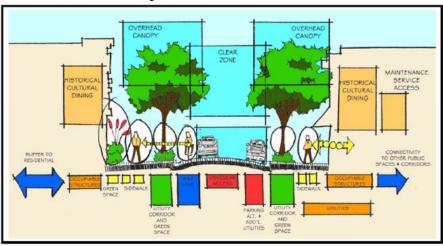
- What are the Livable Roadways Guidelines?
- What are the Comprehensive Plan's Policies?
- What are the BOCC's Policies?
- Funding Sources
- Plant Materials Used
 - Maintenance Responsibilities
- Best Practices/Case Studies
- Challenges



Livable Roadways Guidelines



Livable Roadways Guidelines



Hillsborough County Metropolitan Planning Organization County Center, 18th Floor Tampa, Florida 33602 813-272-5940

- Adopted by Planning Commission 9/11/06
- Currently
 adopted by
 reference in the
 Hillsborough
 County
 Comprehensive
 Plan

Need

• Create one Livable Roadways Guidelines document





LIVABLE ROADWAYS

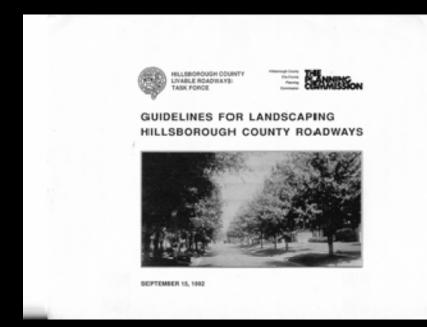
PROPOSALS FOR ROADWAY APPEARANCE AND FUNCTION



MPO Community Appearance Committee October, 1990

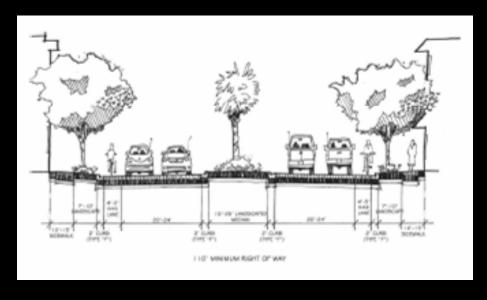
P. C. Ramana, Suns and P. C. Bas mine Terran Farrier, 10001 PRINTERNAL





Purpose

- Support all modes of transportation
- Improve appearance of roadways
- Make roadways compatible with their context



Livable Roadways Guidelines Content

- Pedestrians
- Bicycles
- Transit
- Vehicles
- Roadway Landscape
- Roadway DesignTypes

CommunityDesign

BOCC Policies

- Section Number 09.01.01.04 (1989) *Policy on Landscaping within Road Rights-Of-Way*
 - To provide uniform guidelines
 - To allow and encourage on collector and local roads
 - To provide on arterial roads
 - To provide as a collaboration with State,
 Municipal governments and the business community

Funding

- County Funding
 - \$50k per mile of new construction
- CIP 64099 To provide ADA accessibility
 & continuity to HARTLINE stops
- Other CIP Lumsden Avenue Landscaping
- ADA, Sidewalk, and Paved Shoulder Annual Programs

Plant Materials Used

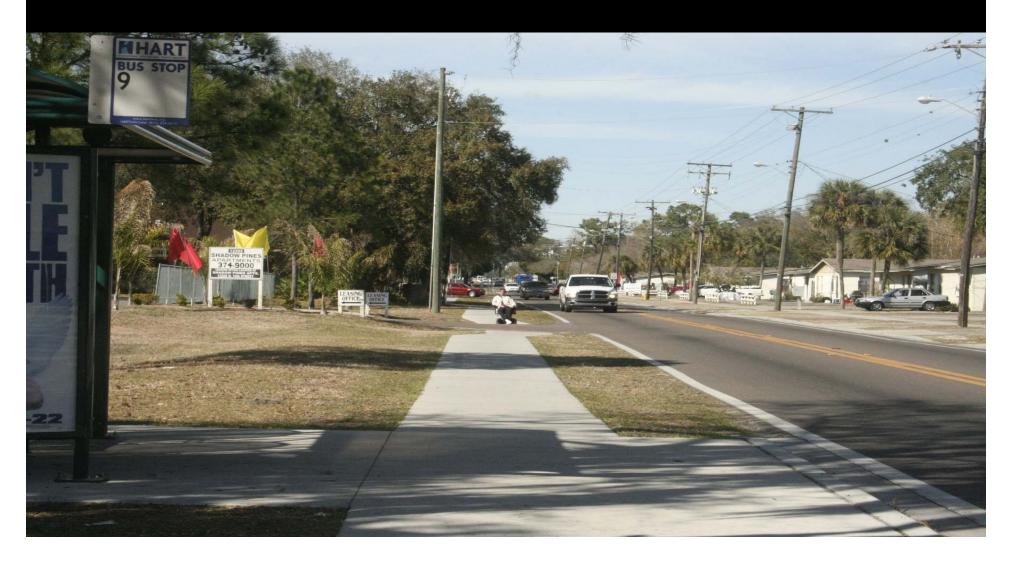
- Canopy
 - Cabbage Palm
- Ornamental
 - Crape Myrtle
 - Dahoon Holly
 - Youpon Holly
 - Chikasaw Plum
 - Dwarf Southern Magnolia
- Ground Cover
 - Dwarf Confederate Jasmine
- Shrubs and Grasses
 - Indian Hawthorne (drought tolerant)
 - Evergreen Border Grass

Best Practices/Case Studies

- Section 2.1 Designing for Pedestrians
 - Clearly mark crosswalks at intersections with high visibility striping and/or paving patterns



- Section 2.1 Designing for Pedestrians (Cont)
 - Provide ADA accessible connections between sidewalk system and transit stops



- Section 2.1 Designing for Pedestrians (Cont)
 - New development should connect to existing trails



- Section 2.2 Designing for Bicycles
 - Paved shoulders for use by bicyclists should be included along roadways without designated bike lanes

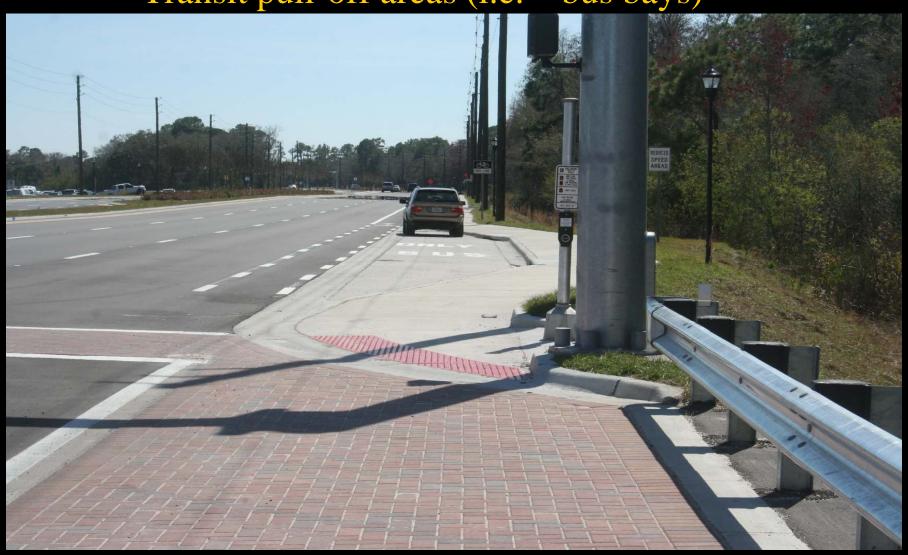


- Section 2.2 Designing for Bicycles (Cont)
 - Locate bike lanes to the left of right turn lanes



• Section 2.3 Designing for Transit Facilities

Transit pull-off areas (i.e. – bus bays)



- Section 2.5 Roadway Landscape
 - Plantings shall be self-sustaining and shall include low cost plant materials that require minimal maintenance



- Section 2.5 Roadway Landscape (Cont)
 - Plant Maintenance: If individual groups are permitted to plant within the ROW, they must agree to maintain or pay to maintain plants

Challenges

- Maintenance
 - Trimming
 - Drought and Heat Tolerant
 - Irrigation Cost to keep up

Livable Roadways Guidelines



End of Presentation